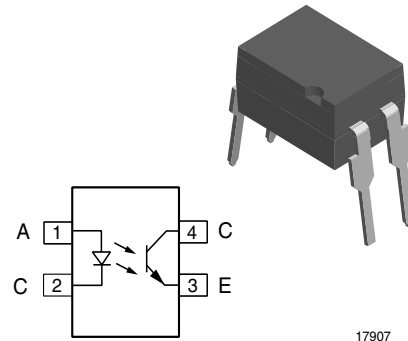


## Optocoupler, Phototransistor Output, High Reliability, 5300 V<sub>RMS</sub>, 110 °C Rated

### Features

- Operating temperature from - 55 °C to + 110 °C
- Good CTR Linearity Depending on Forward Current
- Isolation Test Voltage, 5300 V<sub>RMS</sub>
- High Collector-Emitter Voltage, V<sub>CEO</sub> = 70 V
- Low Saturation Voltage
- Fast Switching Times
- Low CTR Degradation
- Temperature Stable
- Low Coupling Capacitance
- End-Stackable, 0.100" (2.54 mm) Spacing
- High Common-Mode Interference Immunity
- Lead (Pb)-free component
- Component in accordance to RoHS 2002/95/EC and WEEE 2002/96/EC



### Agency Approvals

- UL1577, File No. E52744 System Code H or J, Double Protection
- CSA 93751
- DIN EN 60747-5-2 (VDE0884)  
DIN EN 60747-5-5 pending  
Available with Option 1

### Applications

- AC adapter
- SMPS
- PLC
- Factory Automation
- Game Consoles

### Description

The 110 °C rated SFH617A (DIP) feature a high current transfer ratio, low coupling capacitance and high isolation voltage. These couplers have a GaAs infrared diode emitter, which is optically coupled to a silicon planar phototransistor detector, and is incorporated in a plastic DIP-4 package.

The coupling devices are designed for signal transmission between two electrically separated circuits. The couplers are end-stackable with 2.54 mm spacing.

Creepage and clearance distances of > 8.0 mm are achieved with option 6. This version complies with IEC 60950 (DIN VDE 0805) for reinforced insulation up to an operation voltage of 400 V<sub>RMS</sub> or DC. Specifications subject to change.

### Order Information

Part	Remarks
SFH617A-1	CTR 40 - 80 %, DIP-4
SFH617A-2	CTR 63 - 125 %, DIP-4
SFH617A-3	CTR 100 - 200 %, DIP-4
SFH617A-4	CTR 160 - 320 %, DIP-4
SFH617A-1X006	CTR 40 - 80 %, DIP-4 400 mil
SFH617A-2X006	CTR 63 - 125 %, DIP-4 400 mil
SFH617A-2X009	CTR 63 - 125 %, SMD-4
SFH617A-3X006	CTR 100 - 200 %, DIP-4 400 mil
SFH617A-3X007	CTR 100 - 200 %, SMD-4
SFH617A-4X006	CTR 160 - 320 %, DIP-4 400 mil

For additional information on the available options refer to Option Information.

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Stresses in excess of the absolute Maximum Ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operational sections of this document. Exposure to absolute Maximum Rating for extended periods of the time can adversely affect reliability.

### Input

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Value	Unit
Reverse voltage		$V_R$	6.0	V
DC Forward current		$I_F$	60	mA
Surge forward current	$t \leq 10\text{ }\mu\text{s}$	$I_{FSM}$	2.5	A
Derate linearly from 25 °C			0.95	mW/°C

### Output

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage		$V_{CE}$	70	V
Emitter-collector voltage		$V_{EC}$	7.0	V
Collector current		$I_C$	50	mA
	$t \leq 1.0\text{ ms}$	$I_C$	100	mA
Derate linearly from 25 °C			1.54	mW/°C

### Coupler

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Value	Unit
Isolation test voltage between emitter and detector, refer to climate DIN 40046, part 2, Nov. 74		$V_{ISO}$	5300	$V_{RMS}$
Creepage			$\geq 7.0$	mm
Clearance			$\geq 7.0$	mm
Insulation thickness between emitter and detector			$\geq 0.4$	mm
Comparative Tracking index per DIN IEC 112/VDEO 303, part 1			$\geq 175$	
Isolation resistance	$V_{IO} = 500\text{ V}, T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	$R_{IO}$	$\geq 10^{12}$	$\Omega$
	$V_{IO} = 500\text{ V}, T_{amb} = 100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	$R_{IO}$	$\geq 10^{11}$	$\Omega$
Storage temperature range		$T_{stg}$	- 55 to + 150	°C
Ambient temperature range		$T_{amb}$	- 55 to + 110	°C
Soldering temperature	max. 10 s. dip soldering distance to seating plane $\geq 1.5\text{ mm}$	$T_{sld}$	260	°C

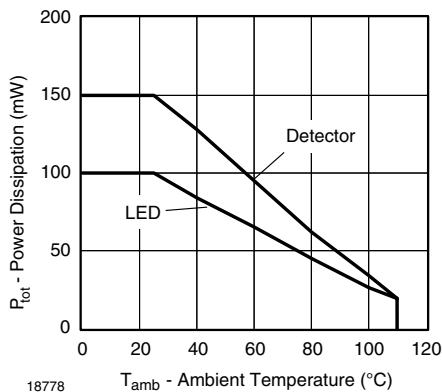


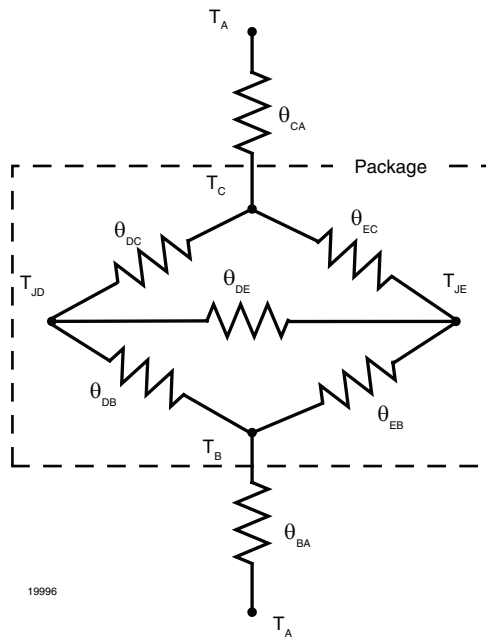
Figure 1. Permissible Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

### Thermal Characteristics

The thermal model is represented in the thermal network below. Each resistance value given in this model can be used to calculate the temperatures at each node for a given operating condition. The thermal resistance from board to ambient will be dependent on the type of PCB, layout and thickness of copper traces. For a detailed explanation of the thermal model, please reference Vishay's Thermal Characteristics of Optocouplers Application note.

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Value	Unit
LED Power dissipation	at 25 °C	$P_{diss}$	100	mW
Output Power dissipation	at 25 °C	$P_{diss}$	150	mW
Maximum LED junction temperature		$T_{jmax}$	125	°C
Maximum output die junction temperature		$T_{jmax}$	125	°C
Thermal resistance, Junction Emitter to Board		$\theta_{EB}$	173	°C/W
Thermal resistance, Junction Emitter to Case		$\theta_{EC}$	149	°C/W
Thermal resistance, Junction Detector to Board		$\theta_{DB}$	111	°C/W
Thermal resistance, Junction Detector to Case		$\theta_{DC}$	127	°C/W
Thermal resistance, Junction Emitter to Junction Detector		$\theta_{ED}$	95	°C/W
Thermal resistance, Board to Ambient*		$\theta_{BA}$	195	°C/W
Thermal resistance, Case to Ambient*		$\theta_{CA}$	3573	°C/W

\* For 2 layer FR4 board (4" x 3" x 0.062)



### Electrical Characteristics

$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Minimum and maximum values are testing requirements. Typical values are characteristics of the device and are the result of engineering evaluation. Typical values are for information only and are not part of the testing requirements.

### Input

(IR GaAs)

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Forward voltage	$I_F = 60\text{ mA}$	$V_F$		1.25	1.65	V
Reverse current	$V_R = 6.0\text{ V}$	$I_R$		0.01	10	$\mu\text{A}$
Capacitance	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$ , $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$	$C_O$		13		pF

### Output

(Si Phototransistor)

Parameter	Test condition	Part	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Collector-emitter capacitance	$V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$		$C_{CE}$		5.2		pF
Collector-emitter leakage current	$V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$	SFH617A-1	$I_{CEO}$		2.0	50	nA
		SFH617A-2	$I_{CEO}$		2.0	50	nA
		SFH617A-3	$I_{CEO}$		5.0	100	nA
		SFH617A-4	$I_{CEO}$		5.0	100	nA

### Coupler

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ , $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$	$V_{CEsat}$	0.4	0.25		V
Coupling capacitance		$C_C$		0.4		pF

### Current Transfer Ratio

Parameter	Test condition	Part	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
$I_C/I_F$	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5.0\text{ V}$	SFH617A-1	CTR	40		80	%
		SFH617A-2	CTR	63		125	%
		SFH617A-3	CTR	100		200	%
		SFH617A-4	CTR	160		320	%
	$I_F = 1.0\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5.0\text{ V}$	SFH617A-1	CTR	13	30		%
		SFH617A-2	CTR	22	45		%
		SFH617A-3	CTR	34	70		%
		SFH617A-4	CTR	56	90		%



### Switching Characteristics

Without Saturation

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Turn-on time	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ , $R_L = 75 \Omega$	$t_{on}$		3.0		$\mu\text{s}$
Rise time	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ , $R_L = 75 \Omega$	$t_r$		2.0		$\mu\text{s}$
Turn-off time	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ , $R_L = 75 \Omega$	$t_{off}$		2.3		$\mu\text{s}$
Fall time	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ , $R_L = 75 \Omega$	$t_f$		2.0		$\mu\text{s}$
Cut-off frequency	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ ,	$f_{ctr}$		250		kHz

With Saturation

Parameter	Test condition	Part	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Turn-on time	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	SFH617A-1	$t_{on}$		3.0		$\mu\text{s}$
	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	SFH617A-2	$t_{on}$		4.2		$\mu\text{s}$
		SFH617A-3	$t_{on}$		4.2		$\mu\text{s}$
	$I_F = 5.0 \text{ mA}$	SFH617A-4	$t_{on}$		6.0		$\mu\text{s}$
Rise time	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	SFH617A-1	$t_r$		2.0		$\mu\text{s}$
	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	SFH617A-2	$t_r$		3.0		$\mu\text{s}$
		SFH617A-3	$t_r$		3.0		$\mu\text{s}$
	$I_F = 5.0 \text{ mA}$	SFH617A-4	$t_r$		4.6		$\mu\text{s}$
Turn-off time	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	SFH617A-1	$t_{off}$		18		$\mu\text{s}$
	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	SFH617A-2	$t_{off}$		23		$\mu\text{s}$
		SFH617A-3	$t_{off}$		23		$\mu\text{s}$
	$I_F = 5.0 \text{ mA}$	SFH617A-4	$t_{off}$		25		$\mu\text{s}$
Fall time	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	SFH617A-1	$t_f$		11		$\mu\text{s}$
	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	SFH617A-2	$t_f$		14		$\mu\text{s}$
		SFH617A-3	$t_f$		14		$\mu\text{s}$
	$I_F = 5.0 \text{ mA}$	SFH617A-4	$t_f$		15		$\mu\text{s}$

## Typical Characteristics

$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

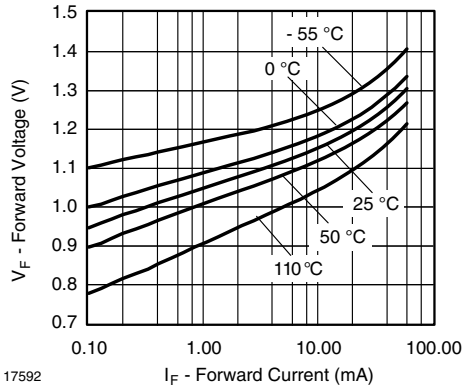


Figure 2. Forward Voltage vs. Forward Current

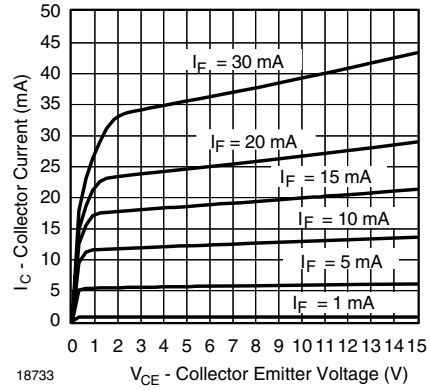


Figure 5. Collector Current vs. Collector Emitter Voltage

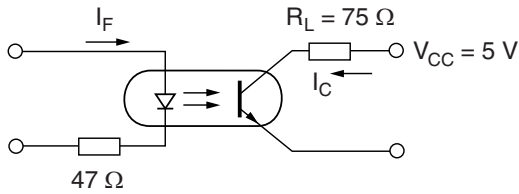


Figure 3. Linear Operation ( without Saturation)

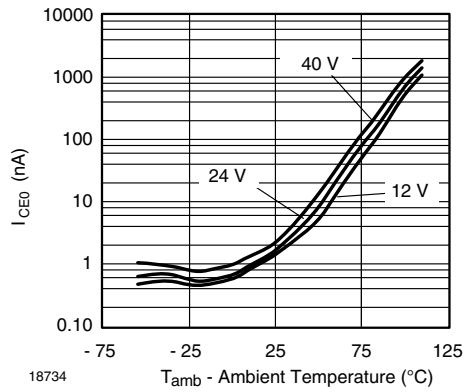


Figure 6. Collector to Emitter Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

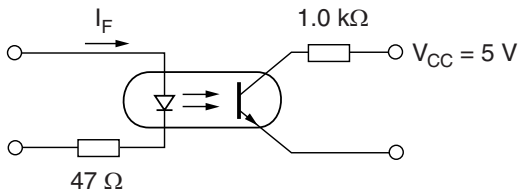


Figure 4. Switching Operation (with Saturation)

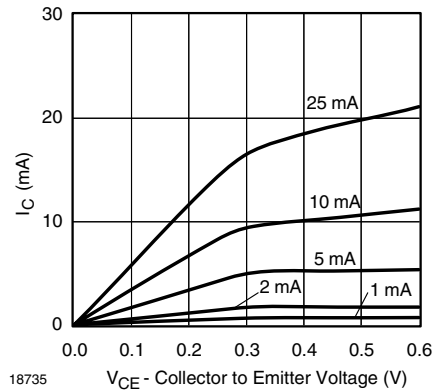
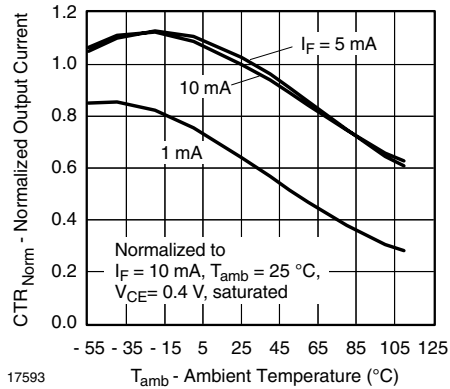
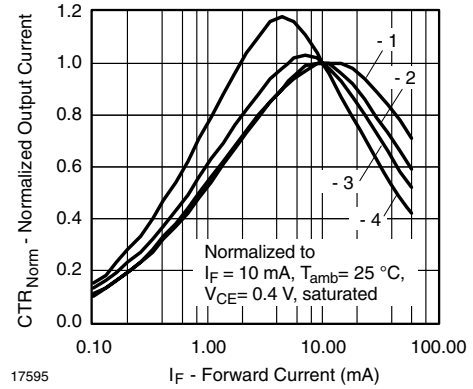


Figure 7. Normalized Current vs. Collector Emitter Saturation Voltage



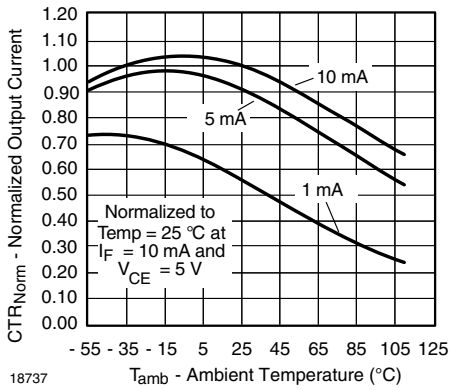
17593

Figure 8. Normalized Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature



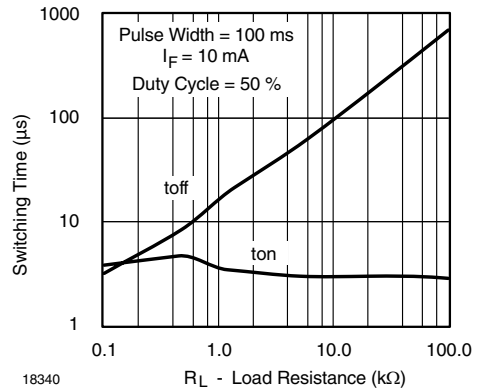
17595

Figure 11. Normalized CTR vs. Forward Current



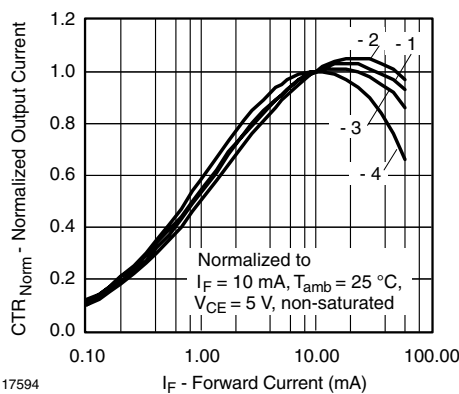
18737

Figure 9. Normalized CTR vs. Temperature



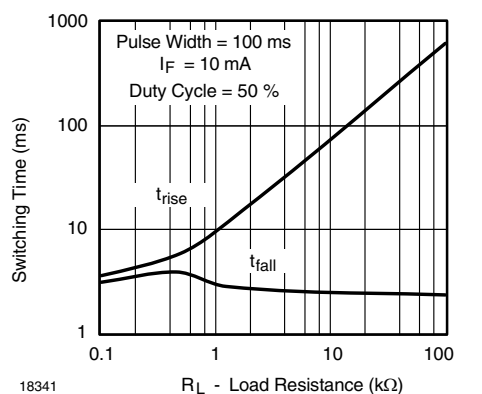
18340

Figure 12. Forward Resistance vs. Forward Current



17594

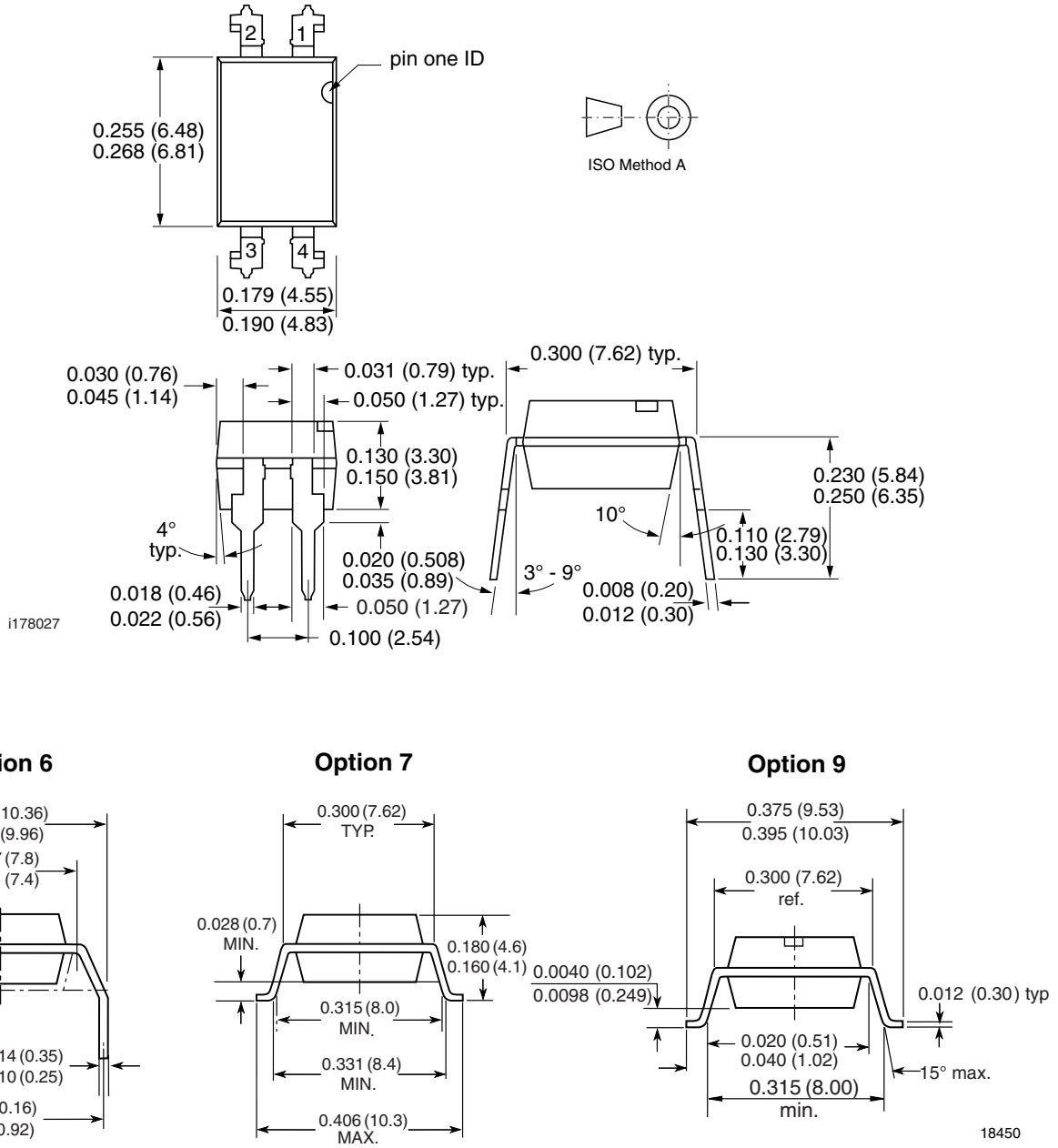
Figure 10. Normalized CTR vs. Forward Current



18341

Figure 13. Forward Resistance vs. Forward Current

## Package Dimensions in Inches (mm)







## Ozone Depleting Substances Policy Statement

It is the policy of Vishay Semiconductor GmbH to

1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operating systems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively
2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA
3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH can certify that our semiconductors are not manufactured with ozone depleting substances and do not contain such substances.

We reserve the right to make changes to improve technical design and may do so without further notice.

Parameters can vary in different applications. All operating parameters must be validated for each customer application by the customer. Should the buyer use Vishay Semiconductors products for any unintended or unauthorized application, the buyer shall indemnify Vishay Semiconductors against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal damage, injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH, P.O.B. 3535, D-74025 Heilbronn, Germany



---

**Notice**

Specifications of the products displayed herein are subject to change without notice. Vishay Intertechnology, Inc., or anyone on its behalf, assumes no responsibility or liability for any errors or inaccuracies.

Information contained herein is intended to provide a product description only. No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted by this document. Except as provided in Vishay's terms and conditions of sale for such products, Vishay assumes no liability whatsoever, and disclaims any express or implied warranty, relating to sale and/or use of Vishay products including liability or warranties relating to fitness for a particular purpose, merchantability, or infringement of any patent, copyright, or other intellectual property right.

The products shown herein are not designed for use in medical, life-saving, or life-sustaining applications. Customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Vishay for any damages resulting from such improper use or sale.