# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# **PRF Degreaser**

The safety data sheet is in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

Date issued	04.01.2023
Revision date	23.02.2023

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name	PRF Degreaser
Article no.	PIDEGR52

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance / mixture	Cleaning agent PC-CLN-OTH Other cleaning, care and maintenance products
	(excludes biocidal products)

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name	Taerosol Oy
Postal address	Hampuntie 21
Postcode	36220
City	Kangasala
Country	Finland
Telephone number	+358 33565600
Website	www.taerosol.com
Enterprise No.	02847686

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone

Telephone number: 112 / Finnish Poison Information Center: 0800 147 111, 24/7

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP / GHS] Aerosol 1; H222,H229 Skin Irrit. 2; H315

		Eye Irrit. 2; H319
		STOT SE 3; H336
		Aquatic Chronic 2; H411
	Substance / mixture hazardous properties	May explode if heated Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.
	Additional information on classification	For the full text of the statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

#### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms (CLP)	
Composition on the label	Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <5% n-hexane, Propan-2-ol
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.</li> <li>H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.</li> <li>H315 Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H319 Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P102 Keep out of reach of children.</li> <li>P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.</li> <li>P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.</li> <li>P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.</li> <li>P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C / 122°F.</li> </ul>

#### 2.3. Other hazards

PBT / vPvB	See section 12.5
Health effect	See section 11.2

# SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Substance	Identification	Classification	Contents	Notes
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes,	REACH Reg. No.: 01-2119475515-33-xxxx	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Skin Irrit. 2; H315	< 65 %	
cyclic		STOT SE 3; H336		
		Asp. Tox. 1; H304		
		Aquatic Chronic 2; H411		
Hydrocarbons, C6-C7,	EC No.: 921-024-6	Flam. Liq. 2; H225	< 65 %	

n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <5% n-hexane	REACH Reg. No.: 01-2119475514-35-XXXX	Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 STOT SE 3; H336 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	
Propan-2-ol	CAS No.: 67-63-0 EC No.: 200-661-7 REACH Reg. No.: 01-2119457558-25-XXXX	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H336	< 10 %
Substance comments	Contains: aliphatic	s: Propane Butane Isobutan : hydrocarbons ≥ 30 % the statements mentioned in	e n this Section, see Section 16.

#### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.	
Inhalation	Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.	
Skin contact	Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.	
Eye contact	Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.	
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General symptoms and effects	Skin irritation Eye irritation Drowsiness Dizziness Aspiration hazard if swallowed -
	can enter lungs and cause damage.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Medical treatment	Treat symptomatically.	
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures		
5.1. Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.	
Improper extinguishing media	Water spray	
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture		

Fire and explosion hazards	May explode if heated Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.
Hazardous combustion products	Carbon dioxide (CO2) Carbon monoxide (CO)

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Personal protective equipment	In accordance with the requirements of EN 469, firefighter's clothing with a helmet, protective boots and gloves provides a basic level of protection against chemical accidents. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. See section 8.2
Fire fighting procedures	Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	Use personal protective equipment. See section 8.2 Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Ensure adequate ventilation. Stop leak if safe to do so. Evacuate area.
For emergency responders	Use personal protective equipment. See section 8.2

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautionary	Try to prevent the material from entering drains or water courses. Avoid release	
measures	to the environment. Collect spillage.	

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Containment	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Pay attention to the spreading of gases especially at ground level (heavier than air) and to the direction of the wind.
Clean up	Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Non-sparking tools should be used.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Other instructions

See section 7, 8, 13

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handling
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Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Non-sparking tools should be used. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly acid or alkaline materials. Try to prevent the material from entering drains or water courses. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Wash hands and skin thoroughly after handling. Avoid breathing vapours/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing. Wear eye protection.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

StorageRemove all sources of ignition. Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly<br/>acid or alkaline materials. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.<br/>Ground / bond container and receiving equipment. Protect from sunlight. Do not<br/>expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C /122 °F. Keep away from food, drink and

animal feedingstuffs. Keep only in original container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s)

None known.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Substance Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic	Identification	Exposure limits Recommended monitoring procedures: This information is not available. Comments: This information is not available.	TWA Year
Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <5% n-hexane		Country of origin: FI Limit value (8 h) : 500 mg/ m <sup>3</sup> Recommended monitoring procedures: This information is not available. Source: Decree of the Ministry of Social Affairs and Health on concentrations known to be harmful (654/2020) Comments: Solvent naphtha, group 1	
Propan-2-ol	CAS No.: 67-63-0	Country of origin: FI Limit value (8 h) : 200 ppm Limit value (8 h) : 500 mg/ m <sup>3</sup> Limit value (short term) Value: 250 ppm Limit value (short term) Value: 620 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Limit value (short term) Appraisal period: 15 min Recommended monitoring procedures: This information is not available. Source: Decree of the Ministry of Social Affairs and Health on concentrations known to be harmful (654/2020)	
DNEL / PNEC			
Substance	Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic		
DNEL	Group: Professio	onal	

Route of exposure: Long-term inhalation (systemic)

Group: Professional Route of exposure: Long-term dermal (systemic) Value: 300 mg/kg bw/day	
<b>Group:</b> Consumer <b>Route of exposure:</b> Long-term inhalation (systemic) <b>Value:</b> 447 mg/m³	
<b>Group:</b> Consumer <b>Route of exposure:</b> Long-term dermal (systemic) <b>Value:</b> 149 mg/kg bw/day	
<b>Group:</b> Consumer <b>Route of exposure:</b> Long-term oral (systemic) <b>Value:</b> 149 mg/kg bw/day	
Substance         Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <5% n-hexane	
DNEL Group: Professional Route of exposure: Long-term dermal (systemic) Value: 733 mg/kg bw/day	
<b>Group:</b> Professional <b>Route of exposure:</b> Long-term inhalation (systemic) <b>Value:</b> 2035 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Group:</b> Consumer <b>Route of exposure:</b> Long-term dermal (systemic) <b>Value:</b> 699 mg/kg bw/day	
<b>Group:</b> Consumer <b>Route of exposure:</b> Long-term inhalation (systemic) <b>Value:</b> 608 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Group:</b> Consumer <b>Route of exposure:</b> Long-term oral (systemic) <b>Value:</b> 699 mg/kg bw/day	

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Precautionary measures to prevent exposure

Appropriate engineering controls See section 7.1, 7.2

#### Eye / face protection

Eye protection equipment	Description: Tightly fitting safety goggles Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.
	Reference to relevant standard: SFS-EN ISO 4007:2018
	SFS-EN ISO 16321-1:2022
	SFS-EN ISO 18526-1:2020
	SFS-EN ISO 16321-3:2022
	SFS-EN ISO 16321-2:2021
	SFS-EN ISO 18526-3:2020

	SFS-EN ISO 18526-2:2020 SFS-EN ISO 18526-4:2020 SFS-EN ISO 19734:2021 SFS-EN 13911:2017 SFS-EN 16473 SFS-EN 1647 SFS-EN 168 SFS-EN 443
Hand protection	
Breakthrough time	Comments: As the product is a mixture of several substances, the durability of the glove materials cannot be calculated in advance and has to be tested before use. Take note of the information given by the producer concerning permeability and break through times, and of special workplace conditions (mechanical strain, duration of contact). Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough.
Thickness of glove material	Comments: As the product is a mixture of several substances, the durability of the glove materials cannot be calculated in advance and has to be tested before use.
Hand protection equipment	Description: Protective gloves Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place. It is good practice in industrial hygiene to avoid contact with solvents by using appropriate protective measures whenever possible. Reference to relevant standard: SFS-EN ISO 374-1:2017 SFS-EN ISO 374-5:2017 SFS-EN 1SO 374-5:2017 SFS-EN 511 SFS-EN 659 + A1 SFS-EN 1082-1 SFS-EN 1082-2 SFS-EN 1082-3 SFS-EN 14325:2018 SFS-EN 16350
Skin protection	
Recommended protective clothing	Description: Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place. It is good practice in industrial hygiene to avoid contact with solvents by using appropriate protective measures whenever possible. Reference to relevant standard: SFS-EN 863 SFS-EN 1149-2 SFS-EN 1149-3 SFS-EN 13034 + A1 SFS-EN 16689:2017 SFS-EN 16689:2017 SFS-EN ISO 6530 CEN ISO/TR 11610

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SFS-EN ISO 11612 SFS-EN ISO 13688 SFS-EN ISO 13982-1 SFS-EN ISO 13982-2 SFS-EN ISO 13995

#### SFS-EN ISO 13997 SFS-EN ISO 14116 SFS-EN 15090 CEN ISO/TR 18690

#### **Respiratory protection**

SFS-EN 148-2 SFS-EN 148-3	SFS-EN 14594:2018 SFS-EN 148-2	SFS-EN 144-2:2018 SFS-EN 14435 SFS-EN 145/A1 SFS-EN 145	SFS-EN 142 SFS-EN 143:2021 SFS-EN 14387:2021 SFS-EN 144-3 + AC SES-EN 144-2:2018	SFS-EN 13794 SFS-EN 138 SFS-EN 140 + AC	SFS-EN 12021         SFS-EN 12083 + AC         SFS-EN 12941 + A1 + A2         SFS-EN 12942 + A1 + A2         SFS-EN 13274-2:2019	respirator when performing operations involving potential exposure to vapour of the product. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. The filter class for the respirator must be suitable for the maximum expected contaminant concentration (gas/vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If this concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used. Reference to relevant standard: SFS-EN ISO 16972:2020 SFS-EN 13274-1 SFS-EN 148-1:2019 SFS-EN 144-1:2018 SFS-EN 14593-1:2018 SFS-EN 146	Recommended respiratory protection Description: Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place. Use	and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place. Use respirator when performing operations involving potential exposure to vapour of the product. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. The filter class for the respirator must be suitable for the maximum expected contaminant concentration (gas/vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If this concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used. Reference to relevant standard: SFS-EN ISO 16972:2020 SFS-EN 13274-1 SFS-EN 13274-1 SFS-EN 144-1:2019 SFS-EN 144-1:2018 SFS-EN 144-1:2018 SFS-EN 12021 SFS-EN 12021 SFS-EN 1203 + AC SFS-EN 1203 + AC SFS-EN 12041 + A1 + A2 SFS-EN 12042 + A1 + A2 SFS-EN 13274-2:019 SFS-EN 13274-2:019 SFS-EN 13274-4:020 SFS-EN 13274-6 SFS-EN 13274-6 SFS-EN 13274-7:2019 SFS-EN 134 SFS-EN 134 SFS-EN 135 SFS-EN 135 SFS-EN 136 SFS-EN 136 SFS-EN 137 SFS-EN 137 SFS-EN 136 SFS-EN 137 SFS-EN 136 SFS-EN 137 SFS-EN 136 SFS-EN 137 SFS-EN 137 SFS-EN 137 SFS-EN 134 SFS-EN 144-2:2018 SFS-EN 144-2:2018 SFS-EN 148-2 SFS-EN 148-2
SFS-EN 13794         SFS-EN 138         SFS-EN 140 + AC         SFS-EN 142         SFS-EN 142         SFS-EN 143:2021         SFS-EN 14387:2021         SFS-EN 144-3 + AC         SFS-EN 144-3 + AC         SFS-EN 14435         SFS-EN 1445         SFS-EN 145/A1         SFS-EN 14529         SFS-EN 14594:2018	SFS-EN 13794         SFS-EN 138         SFS-EN 140 + AC         SFS-EN 142         SFS-EN 142         SFS-EN 1432021         SFS-EN 14387:2021         SFS-EN 144-3 + AC         SFS-EN 144-3 + AC         SFS-EN 14435         SFS-EN 145	SFS-EN 13794 SFS-EN 138 SFS-EN 140 + AC SFS-EN 142 SFS-EN 143:2021 SFS-EN 14387:202	SFS-EN 13794 SFS-EN 138		SFS-EN 13274-5         SFS-EN 13274-6         SFS-EN 13274-3         SFS-EN 13274-8         SFS-EN 13274-5	SFS-EN 12083 + AC         SFS-EN 12941 + A1 + A2         SFS-EN 12942 + A1 + A2         SFS-EN 13274-2:2019         SFS-EN 13274-4:2020         SFS-EN 13274-5         SFS-EN 13274-6         SFS-EN 13274-3         SFS-EN 13274-8         SFS-EN 13274-5	the product. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. The filter class for the respirator must be suitable for the maximum expected contaminant concentration (gas/vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If this concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used. Reference to relevant standard: SFS-EN ISO 16972:2020 SFS-EN 13274-1 SFS-EN 148-1:2019 SFS-EN 144-1:2019 SFS-EN 144-1:2018 SFS-EN 144-1:2018 SFS-EN 146 SFS-EN 1146 SFS-EN 12021 SFS-EN 12021 SFS-EN 1203 + AC SFS-EN 12941 + A1 + A2 SFS-EN 12942 + A1 + A2 SFS-EN 13274-2:2019 SFS-EN 13274-5 SFS-EN 13274-6 SFS-EN 13274-6 SFS-EN 13274-6 SFS-EN 13274-75	SFS-EN 135 SFS-EN 136 + AC
SFS-EN 135         SFS-EN 136 + AC         SFS-EN 137         SFS-EN 138         SFS-EN 140 + AC         SFS-EN 142         SFS-EN 1432:021         SFS-EN 14387:2021         SFS-EN 14387:2021         SFS-EN 14437         SFS-EN 14435         SFS-EN 14435         SFS-EN 14435         SFS-EN 145/A1         SFS-EN 145         SFS-EN 145         SFS-EN 14529         SFS-EN 14594:2018	SFS-EN 135         SFS-EN 136 + AC         SFS-EN 137         SFS-EN 137         SFS-EN 13794         SFS-EN 138         SFS-EN 140 + AC         SFS-EN 142         SFS-EN 142         SFS-EN 143:2021         SFS-EN 144-3 + AC         SFS-EN 144-2:2018         SFS-EN 1445         SFS-EN 145	SFS-EN 135 SFS-EN 136 + AC SFS-EN 137 SFS-EN 13794 SFS-EN 138 SFS-EN 140 + AC SFS-EN 142 SFS-EN 143:2021 SFS-EN 14387:202	SFS-EN 135 SFS-EN 136 + AC SFS-EN 137 SFS-EN 13794 SFS-EN 138	SFS-EN 135 SFS-EN 136 + AC	SFS-EN 13274-5 SFS-EN 13274-6	SFS-EN 12083 + AC         SFS-EN 12941 + A1 + A2         SFS-EN 12942 + A1 + A2         SFS-EN 13274-2:2019         SFS-EN 13274-4:2020         SFS-EN 13274-5         SFS-EN 13274-6	the product. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. The filter class for the respirator must be suitable for the maximum expected contaminant concentration (gas/vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If this concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used. Reference to relevant standard: SFS-EN ISO 16972:2020 SFS-EN 13274-1 SFS-EN 148-1:2019 SFS-EN 144-1:2018 SFS-EN 144593-1:2018 SFS-EN 144593-1:2018 SFS-EN 12021 SFS-EN 12021 SFS-EN 12021 SFS-EN 12033 + AC SFS-EN 12941 + A1 + A2 SFS-EN 12942 + A1 + A2 SFS-EN 13274-2:2019 SFS-EN 13274-2:2019 SFS-EN 13274-5 SFS-EN 13274-6	SFS-EN 13274-8 SFS-EN 13274-5
SFS-EN 13274-8         SFS-EN 13274-5         SFS-EN 13274-7:2019         SFS-EN 134         SFS-EN 135         SFS-EN 135         SFS-EN 136 + AC         SFS-EN 137         SFS-EN 137         SFS-EN 13794         SFS-EN 13794         SFS-EN 137         SFS-EN 137         SFS-EN 140 + AC         SFS-EN 142         SFS-EN 142         SFS-EN 143:2021         SFS-EN 143:2021         SFS-EN 14387:2021         SFS-EN 143:2021         SFS-EN 144:3 + AC         SFS-EN 144:32         SFS-EN 144:35         SFS-EN 145         SFS-EN 14529         SFS-EN 14594:2018	SFS-EN 13274-8         SFS-EN 13274-5         SFS-EN 13274-7:2019         SFS-EN 134         SFS-EN 135         SFS-EN 135         SFS-EN 136 + AC         SFS-EN 137         SFS-EN 137         SFS-EN 1374         SFS-EN 13794         SFS-EN 137         SFS-EN 138         SFS-EN 140 + AC         SFS-EN 142         SFS-EN 1435         SFS-EN 14435         SFS-EN 14435         SFS-EN 145	SFS-EN 13274-8 SFS-EN 13274-5 SFS-EN 13274-7:20 SFS-EN 13274-7:20 SFS-EN 137 SFS-EN 135 SFS-EN 136 + AC SFS-EN 137 SFS-EN 137 SFS-EN 137 SFS-EN 138 SFS-EN 140 + AC SFS-EN 142 SFS-EN 143:2021 SFS-EN 14387:202	SFS-EN 13274-8 SFS-EN 13274-5 SFS-EN 13274-7:2019 SFS-EN 134 SFS-EN 135 SFS-EN 136 + AC SFS-EN 137 SFS-EN 13794 SFS-EN 138	SFS-EN 13274-8 SFS-EN 13274-5 SFS-EN 13274-7:2019 SFS-EN 134 SFS-EN 135 SFS-EN 136 + AC		SFS-EN 12083 + AC SFS-EN 12941 + A1 + A2 SFS-EN 12942 + A1 + A2	the product. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. The filter class for the respirator must be suitable for the maximum expected contaminant concentration (gas/vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If this concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used. Reference to relevant standard: SFS-EN ISO 16972:2020 SFS-EN 13274-1 SFS-EN 148-1:2019 SFS-EN 144-1:2018 SFS-EN 144-1:2018 SFS-EN 144593-1:2018 SFS-EN 1146 SFS-EN 12021 SFS-EN 12083 + AC SFS-EN 12941 + A1 + A2 SFS-EN 12942 + A1 + A2	SFS-EN 13274-5 SFS-EN 13274-6

	SFS-EN 15333-2
	SFS-EN 1825-2
	SFS-EN 1827 + A1
	SFS-EN 250
	SFS-EN 269
	SFS-EN 402
	SFS-EN 403
	SFS-EN 404
	SFS-EN 405 + A1
	SFS-EN 529

#### **Thermal hazards**

Thermal hazards	Not applicable.
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#### Appropriate environmental exposure control

Environmental exposure controls See section 6.2

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form	Aerosol dispenser: spray aerosol
Colour	clear
Odour	hydrocarbon-like
Odour limit	Reason for waiving data: No data.
pН	Comments: This information is not available.
Melting point / melting range	Reason for waiving data: No data.
Boiling point / boiling range	Reason for waiving data: No data.
Flash point	Reason for waiving data: Not applicable
Flammability	Not applicable.
Lower explosion limit with unit of measurement	Reason for waiving data: No data.
Upper explosion limit with units of measurement	Reason for waiving data: No data.
Vapour pressure	Reason for waiving data: No data.
Vapour density	Reason for waiving data: Not applicable
Particle characteristics	Reason for waiving data: Not applicable
Relative density	Reason for waiving data: Not applicable
Density	Reason for waiving data: Not applicable
Solubility	Comments: This information is not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	Reason for waiving data: No data.
Auto-ignition temperature	Reason for waiving data: Not applicable

Decomposition temperature	Reason for waiving data: Not applicable
Viscosity	Type: Kinematic Reason for waiving data: Not applicable

#### 9.2. Other information

#### Other physical and chemical properties

Physical and chemical properties This information is not available.

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

products

-		
Reactivity	See section 5.2	
10.2. Chemical stability		
Stability	Stable	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 5.2	
10.4. Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	See section 7.1, 7.2	
10.5. Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	See section 7.1, 7.2	
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products		
Hazardous decomposition	See section 5.2	

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

	Route of exposure: Inhalation. Method: OECD 403 Duration: 4 hour(s) Value: > 23,3 mg/l Animal test species: Rat
Substance	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <5% n-hexane
Acute toxicity	Effect tested: LC50 Route of exposure: Inhalation. Duration: 4 hour(s) Value: > 25,2 mg/l Animal test species: Rat Effect tested: LD50
	Route of exposure: Dermal Value: > 2920 mg/kg
Substance	Propan-2-ol
Acute toxicity	Effect tested: LD50 Route of exposure: Oral Value: > 2000 mg/kg Animal test species: Rat
	Effect tested: LD50 Route of exposure: Dermal Value: > 2000 mg/kg Animal test species: Rabbit
	Effect tested: LC50 Route of exposure: Inhalation. Duration: 8 hour(s) Value: > 20 mg/I Animal test species: Rat

# Other information regarding health hazards

Assessment of acute toxicity, classification	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Assessment of skin corrosion / irritation, classification	Irritating to skin.
Assessment of eye damage or irritation, classification	Causes serious eye irritation.
Assessment of respiratory sensitisation, classification	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Assessment of skin sensitisation, classification	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Assessment of germ cell mutagenicity, classification	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Assessment of carcinogenicity, classification	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Assessment of reproductive toxicity, classification	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Assessment of specific target	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
organ toxicity - single exposure,	
classification	
Assessment of specific target	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
organ toxicity - repeated exposure,	
classification	
Assessment of aspiration hazard,	Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause damage.
classification	

#### Symptoms of exposure

In case of ingestion	See section 4.2
In case of skin contact	See section 4.2
In case of inhalation	See section 4.2
In case of eye contact	See section 4.2

#### **11.2 Other information**

Endocrine disruption

This information is not available.

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Substance	Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic
Aquatic toxicity, fish	Toxicity type: Acute Value: 13,4 mg/l Effect dose concentration: LL50 Method: WAF (OECD 203) Toxicity type: Chronic Value: 1,53 mg/l Effect dose concentration: NOELR Test duration: 28 day(s) Species: Early-life Stage Method: QSAR
Substance	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <5% n-hexane
Aquatic toxicity, fish	Toxicity type: Acute Value: 11,4 mg/l Effect dose concentration: LL50 Test duration: 96 hour(s) Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss
Substance	Propan-2-ol
Aquatic toxicity, fish	Toxicity type: Acute Value: 6550 - 11300 mg/l Effect dose concentration: LC50 Test duration: 96 hour(s)
Substance	Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic
Aquatic toxicity, algae	Toxicity type: Acute

	Value: 10 - 30 mg/l Effect dose concentration: EL50 Test duration: 72 hour(s) Method: WAF (OECD 201, EU Method C.3) Toxicity type: Acute Value: 10 mg/l Effect dose concentration: NOELR Test duration: 72 hour(s) Method: WAF (OECD 201, EU Method C.3)
Substance	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <5% n-hexane
Aquatic toxicity, algae	Toxicity type: Acute Value: 3 mg/l Effect dose concentration: NOELR Test duration: 72 hour(s) Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
	Toxicity type: Acute Value: 30 - 100 mg/l Effect dose concentration: EL50 Test duration: 72 hour(s) Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
Substance	Propan-2-ol
Aquatic toxicity, algae	Toxicity type: Acute Value: > 1000 mg/l Effect dose concentration: EC50 Test duration: 72 hour(s)
Substance	Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic
Aquatic toxicity, crustacean	Toxicity type: Acute Value: 3 mg/l Effect dose concentration: EL50 Test duration: 48 hour(s) Method: WAF (OECD 202, EU Method C.2)
	Toxicity type: Chronic Value: 1 mg/l Effect dose concentration: NOELR Test duration: 21 day(s) Method: WAF (OECD 211)
	Toxicity type: Chronic Value: 0,17 mg/l Effect dose concentration: NOEC Test duration: 21 day(s) Method: WAF (OECD 211)
	Toxicity type: Chronic Value: 0,32 mg/l Effect dose concentration: LOEC Test duration: 21 day(s) Method: WAF (OECD 211)

Substance	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <5% n-hexane
Aquatic toxicity, crustacean	Toxicity type: Acute Value: 3 mg/l Effect dose concentration: EL50 Test duration: 48 hour(s) Species: Daphnia magna Toxicity type: Acute Value: 0,17 mg/l Effect dose concentration: NOEC Test duration: 504 hour(s) Species: Daphnia magna
Substance	Propan-2-ol
Aquatic toxicity, crustacean	Toxicity type: Acute Value: ~ 9700 mg/l Effect dose concentration: EC50 Test duration: 24 hour(s) Species: Daphnia magna

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Substance	Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic
Biodegradability	Method: OECD 301 F, EU Method C.4-D Comments: Rapidly biodegradable.
Substance	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <5% n-hexane
Biodegradability	Value: 81 % Test period: 28 day(s)
Substance	Propan-2-ol
Biodegradability	Comments: Readily biodegradable
Substance	Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic
Abiotic degradation in air	Evaluation: May decompose on exposure to light.

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation, evaluation	This information is not available.
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# 12.4. Mobility in soil

Substance	Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic
Surface tension	Value: 22 mN/m Test reference: Wilhelmy plate method Temperature: 25 °C
Substance	Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic
Water / air volatility rate	Comments: Volatile.
Substance	Propan-2-ol
Water / air volatility rate	Comments: Volatile.

Substance	Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic
Soil / air volatility rate	Comments: Volatile.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB	This information is not available.
assessment	

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine disrupting properties	This information is not available.
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#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

Additional ecological information This information is not available.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Appropriate methods of disposal for the chemical	Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions of the person responsible for waste disposal. Avoid putting the substance into waste water.
Appropriate methods of disposal for the contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
EU Regulations	Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste and repealing certain Directives

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1. UN number

ADR/RID/ADN	1950
IMDG	1950
ICAO/IATA	1950

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name English ADR/RID/ADN	AEROSOLS
ADR/RID/ADN	AEROSOLS
IMDG	AEROSOLS
ICAO/IATA	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN	2.1
Classificaton code ADR/RID/ADN	5F

#### 14.4. Packing group

#### Comments

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Comments	Voo
Commenta	Yes

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Special safety precautions for user This information is not available.

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

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Product name	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

#### **Additional information**

Hazard label ADR/RID/ADN	2.1
Hazard label IMDG	2.1
Hazard label ICAO/IATA	2.1

#### **ADR/RID Other information**

Tunnel restriction code	D
Limited quantity	1L
Excepted quantity	EO
Special provisions	190 327 344 625
Transport category	2

#### **ADN Other information**

Special provisions	190 327 344 625
Limited quantity	1L
Excepted quantity	EO

#### IMDG Other information

EmS	F-D, S-U
Limited quantity	1000 mL
Excepted quantity	EO
Special provisions	63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959

#### ICAO/IATA Other information

Limited quantity	30 kg
Excepted quantity	EO
Special provisions	A145 A165 A802
Additional information ICAO/IATA	Cargo: max. 150 kg (203), Pas.: max. 75 kg (203)

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Legislation and regulations	Council Directive 75/324/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to aerosol dispensers Regulation (EC) No 648/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council on detergents The rules which cover amongst other things the requirement for ventilation, protective clothing, personal protective equipment etc. can be obtained from the National Occupational Health and Safety Board.
	Occupational Health and Safety Board.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessment	No
performed	

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

List of relevant H-phrases (Section 2 and 3)	<ul> <li>H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.</li> <li>H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.</li> <li>H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</li> <li>H315 Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H319 Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
CLP classification, notes	Calculation method. Bridging principle "Aerosols"
Training advice	Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators. Take notice of the directions of use on the label. To avoid risks to man and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.
Key literature references and sources for data	Information taken from reference works and the literature. <u>http://echa.europa.eu</u> <u>http://eur-lex.europa.eu</u> <u>http://echa-term.echa.europa.eu</u> Ingredient Safety Data Sheets
Abbreviations and acronyms used	CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging DMEL = derived minimal effect level DNEL = derived no-effect level EC50 = The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% of the maximum response. ECHA = European Chemicals Agency EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS = European List of Notified Chemical Substances EEA = European Economic Area EU = European Union EC number = The three European lists of substances from the previous EU chemicals regulatory framework, EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list, in combination are called the EC Inventory. The EC Inventory is the source for the

	seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the European Union. GHS = Global Harmonised System SDS = safety data sheet LC50 = median lethal concentration LDx = lethal dose x% LOAEC = lowest observed adverse effect concentration LOAEL = lowest observed adverse effect level LOEC = lowest observed effect concentration LOEL = lowest observed effect level NOAEC = no observed effect level NOAEC = no observed adverse effect level NOEC = no observed adverse effect level NOEC = no observed adverse effect level NOEC = no observed effect concentration NOEL = no observed effect level PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic PNEC = predicted no-effect concentration ppm = parts per million QSAR = quantitative structure-activity relationship REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals STOT = specific target organ toxicity UFI = unique formula identifier vPvB = very persistent and very bioaccumulative
Information added, deleted or	Relevant changes compared to the previous version of the safety data sheet are
revised	indicated with verticle lines in the left margin.
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