TRIDONIC

Compact fixed output







Driver LC 34W 800mA fixC SRL ADV2

advanced series

Product description

- Independent constant current LED driver with strain-relief
- Extra flat housing for constrained installation conditions (small ceiling cut outs and low ceiling voids)
- For luminaires of protection class II
- For luminaires with M and MM as per EN 60598, VDE 0710 and VDE 0711
- Temperature protection as per EN 61347-2-13 C5e
- Output current 800 mA
- Max. output power 33.6 W
- Nominal lifetime up to 50,000 h
- 5 years guarantee (conditions at www.tridonic.com)

Housing properties

- Casing: polycarbonat, white
- Type of protection IP20
- Push-in terminals
- Strain relief with loop through function
- 2 separable strain relief parts for input and output cables with highly robust clamps
- New strain relief concept fast mounting and pre-assembled connection of the LED load possible

Functions

- Overload protection
- Short-circuit protection
- No-load protection
- No output current overshoot at mains on/off

Typical applications

- For downlight in retail and hospitality application
- For panel light and area light in office and education application



Standards, page 3

Wiring diagrams and installation examples, page $\ensuremath{\mathtt{3}}$





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LED driverCompact fixed output

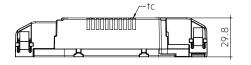
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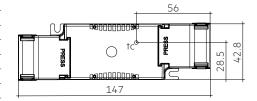
advanced series

Technical data

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Rated supply voltage	220 – 240 V
AC voltage range	198 – 264 V
Mains frequency	50 / 60 Hz
Overvoltage protection	320 V AC, 1 h
THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	< 10 %
Output current tolerance [®]	± 7.5 %
Typ. output LF current ripple at full load [®]	± 5 %
Output P _{ST} LM (at full load)	≤ 1
Output SVM (at full load)	≤ 0.4
Starting time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 0.5 s
Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 0.5 s
Hold on time at power failure (output)	0 s
Ambient temperature ta	-20 +50 °C
Ambient temperature ta (at lifetime 50,000 h)	50 °C
Storage temperature ts	-40 +80 °C
Mains burst capability	1 kV
Mains surge capability (between L – N)	1 kV
Mains surge capability (between L/N – PE)	2 kV
Surge voltage at output side (against PE)	2 kV
Lifetime	up to 50,000 h
Guarantee (conditions at www.tridonic.com)	5 years
Dimensions L x W x H	147 x 43 x 30 mm
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Ordering data

Туре	Article		Packaging,	Packaging,	Weight per
	number		low volume	high volume	pc.
LC 34/800/42 fixC SRL ADV2	87500958	10 pc(s).	80 pc(s).	1,200 pc(s).	0.104 kg

Specific technical data

Туре	Output	Input	Max.	Input power	Output	λat	Efficiency	λ at min.	Efficiency	Min.	Max.	Max.	Max.	Max.	Max. casing
	current®	current	input	(at 230 V,	power	full load®	at full	load [®]	at min.	forward	forward	output	output	output	temperature tc
		(at 230 V,	power	50 Hz, full	range		load [®]		load [®]	voltage	voltage	voltage	peak	peak	
		50 Hz, full		load)									current at	current at	
		load)											full load®	min. load®	
LC 34/800/42 fixC SRL ADV2	800 mA	170 mA	39 W	38 W	24.0 – 33.6 W	0.96	89 %	0.94C	87 %	30 V	42 V	60 V	900 mA	900 mA	75 °C

[®] Test result at 230 V, 50 Hz.

 $^{^{\}textcircled{9}}$ The trend between min. and full load is linear and depends on load's voltage-current character.

[®] Output current is mean value.

 $^{^{\}scriptsize \textcircled{\tiny 6}}$ Typical value at full load, depends on load's voltage-current character.

1. Standards

EN 55015

EN 61000-3-2

EN 61000-3-3

EN 61347-1

EN 61347-2-13

EN 61547

EN 60598-1

EN 62384

1.1 Glow-wire test

according to EN 61347-1 with increased temperature of 850 °C passed.

2. Thermal details and lifetime

2.1 Expected lifetime

Expected lifetime

Туре	ta	40°C	50 °C
LC 34/800/42 fixC SRL ADV2	tc	65°C [⊕]	75 °C [®]
EC 34/000/42 TIXE SRE ADV2	Lifetime	100,000 h	50,000 h

Test result at max. output voltage.

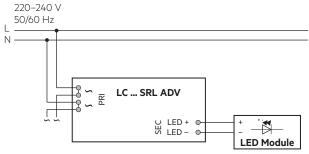
The LED drivers are designed for a lifetime stated above under reference conditions and with a failure probability of less than 10 %.

The relation of tc to ta temperature depends also on the luminaire design. If the measured tc temperature is approx. 5 K below tc max., ta temperature should be checked and eventually critical

components (e.g. ELCAP) measured. Detailed information on request.

3. Installation / wiring

3.1 Circuit diagram



Device with loop through wiring function.

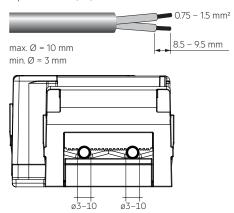
3.2 Wiring type and cross section

For wiring use stranded wire with ferrules or solid wire from 0.75–1.5 mm 2 (mains wires) and 0.2–1.5 mm 2 (secondary wires, LED module). Strip 8.5–9.5 mm of insulation from the cables to ensure perfect operation of

Strip 8.5–9.5 mm of insulation from the cables to ensure perfect operation of the push-wire terminals.

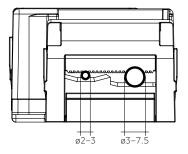
Use one wire for each terminal connector only.

Input terminal (D2):



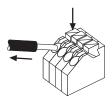
Output terminal (D1):





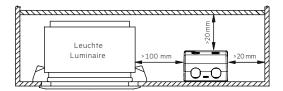
3.3 Release of the wiring

Press down the "push button" and remove the cable from front.



3.4 Fixing conditions when using as independent Driver with Clip-On

Dry, acidfree, oilfree, fatfree. It is not allowed to exceed the maximum ambient temperature (ta) stated on the device. Minimum distances stated below are recommendations and depend on the actual luminaire. Is not suitable for fixing in corner.



3.5 Wiring guidelines

- All connections must be kept as short as possible to ensure good EMI behaviour.
- Mains leads should be kept apart from LED driver and other leads (ideally 5 – 10 cm distance)
- Max. length of output wires is 2 m.
- To comply with the EMC regulations run the secondary wires (LED module) in parallel.
- Secondary switching is not permitted.
- Incorrect wiring can demage LED modules.
- Through wiring of mains is for connecting additional LED driver only. Max. permanent current of 8 A may not be exceeded.
- To avoid the damage of the Driver, the wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).

3.6 Replace LED module

- 1. Mains off
- 2. Remove LED module
- 3. Wait for 20 seconds
- 4. Connect LED module again

Hot plug-in or secondary switching of LEDs is not permitted and may cause a very high current to the LEDs.

3.7 Installation instructions

The LED module and all contact points within the wiring must be sufficiently insulated against 3 kV surge voltage.

Air and creepage distance must be maintained.

3.8 Mounting of device

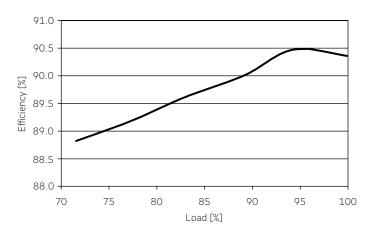
Max. torque for fixing: 0.5 Nm/M4

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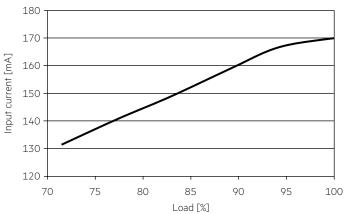
4. Electrical values

4.1 Diagrams

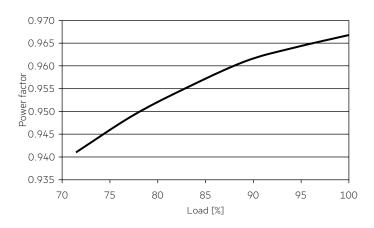
4.1.1 Efficiency vs load



4.1.4 Input current vs load

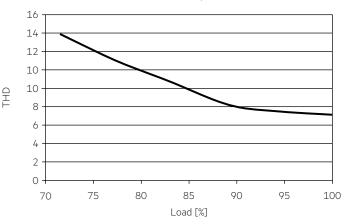


4.1.2 Power factor vs load

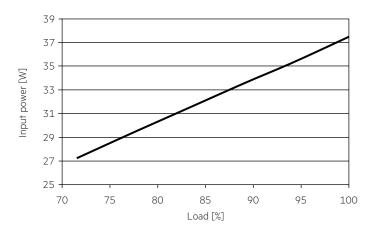


4.1.5 THD vs load





4.1.3 Input power vs load



4.2 Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers in relation to inrush current

Automatic circuit breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20	Inrusi	n current
Installation Ø	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	Imax	Time
LC 34/800/42 fixC SRL ADV2	44	53	59	85	28	36	44	54	22 A	120 µs

These are max. values calculated out of inrush current! Please consider not to exceed the maximum rated continuous current of the circuit breaker. Calculation uses typical values from ABB series S200 as a reference.

Actual values may differ due to used circuit breaker types and installation environment.

4.3 Harmonic distortion in the mains supply (at 230 V / 50 Hz and full load)

in %

	THD	3.	5.	7.	9.	11.
LC 34/800/42 fixC SRL ADV2	< 10	< 15	< 10	< 5	< 5	< 3

Acc. to 6100-3-2. Harmonics < 5 mA or < 0.6 % (whatever is greater) of the input current are not considered for calculation of THD.

5. Functions

5.1 Short-circuit behaviour

In case of a short circuit on the secondary side (LED) the LED driver switches off. After elimination of the short-circuit fault the LED driver will recover automatically.

5.2 No-load operation

The LED driver works in burst working mode to provide a constant output voltage regulation which allows the application to be able to work safely when LED string opens due to a failure.

5.3 Overload protection

If the maximum load is exceeded by a defined internal limit, the LED driver will protect itself and the output current will descrease till LED flicker. After elimination of the overload, the nominal operation is restored automatically.

6. Miscellaneous

6.1 Insulation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

According to IEC 60598-1 Annex Q (informative only!) or ENEC 303-Annex A, each luminaire should be submitted to an insulation test with $500\,V_{DC}$ for 1 second. This test voltage should be connected between the interconnected phase and neutral terminals and the earth terminal.

The insulation resistance must be at least $2\,M\Omega$.

As an alternative, IEC 60598-1 Annex Q describes a test of the electrical strength with 1500 V $_{AC}$ (or 1.414 x 1500 V $_{DC}$). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.

6.2 Conditions of use and storage

Humidity: 5% up to max. 85%,

not condensed

(max. 56 days/year at 85 %)

Storage temperature: -40 °C up to max. +80 °C

The devices have to be within the specified temperature range (ta) before they can be operated.

6.3 Maximum number of switching cycles

All LED driver are tested with 50,000 switching cycles.

6.4 Additional information

Additional technical information at $\underline{www.tridonic.com} \rightarrow \text{Technical Data}$

Lifetime declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim. No warranty if device was opened.